

GOVERNMENT OF ANDHRA PRADESH

ABSTRACT

Civil Supplies – Procurement Policy of paddy and rice for Kharif Marketing Season 2008-09 - Orders– Issued.

CONSUMER AFFAIRS, FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (CSI) DEPARTMENT.

G.O. Ms. No.40

Dated :13 .10.2008

Read the following:

- 1) G.O.Ms.No.38 Consumer Affairs, Food and Civil Supplies Department dated 24.9.2007.
- 2) The A.P. Rice Procurement (Levy) Order, 1984 issued in G.O. Ms. No. 28, F & A (CS.I) Dept., dt. 25-1-1984 as amended from time to time.
- 3) Lr. No. 156(9)/2008-Py.I dated 19.8.2008 of Govt. of India.
- 4) Lr. No. 8-15/2008-S&I dated 1.9.2008 of Govt. of India, Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution, Department of Food and Public Distribution, New Delhi.
- 5) Lr. No. 6/1/2008-FES –ES (Part. II), dated 1.9.2008, Govt. of India, Ministry of Agriculture, (Department of Agriculture & Cooperation) Directorate of Economics & Statistics, Krishi Bhavan, New Delhi.
- 6) Lr. No. PI(4)/5303/2008, dated 24.9.2008 of CCS & EOS addressed to all Collectors.

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ORDER :

In the Government order 1st read above, the procurement policy for Kharif Marketing Season 2007-08 was communicated.

2. The following orders are issued as “Procurement Policy” for the Kharif Marketing Season 2008-09.
3. The Food Corporation of India shall be the “ Agent” of Government of Andhra Pradesh for procurement of rice under the mill levy from Rice Millers.
4. The Minimum Support Prices fixed by Government of India for the KMS 2008-09 are as follows:

Price per Quintal of Fair Average Quality of paddy

Grade “A”	::	Rs. 880/-
Common	::	Rs. 850/-

These rates may vary from time to time depending upon revision by Govt. of India.

5. The levy procurement prices and the rates for custom milled rice for the crop year 2008-09 shall be communicated separately. Pending fixation of procurement prices for rice to be delivered in KMS 2008-09, the Food Corporation of India shall pay procurement prices of KMS 2007-08 subject to adjustment later. If the amount paid is less, the F.C.I., will pay the difference. If the payment made is more, it will be recovered from the miller.
6. FAQ specifications for paddy and rice are enclosed (Annexures I & II).

7. Operational guidelines for MSP operations for paddy during Kharif Marketing Season 2008-09 shall be the same as was communicated vide G.O.Ms.No.38 Consumer Affairs, Food & Civil Supplies (CS.I) Department dated 24.9.2007 with modifications if any, communicated from time to time, except in respect of MSP. The MSP for 2008-09 shall be as indicated at para 4 above.

8. The levy and levy free shall continue to be 75% and 25% respectively till it is modified. The rice millers / dealers shall be eligible for sale of 25% of levy free eligibility which they may utilize in 2 : 1 ratio between sale within the State and anywhere in the Country(including A.P.) i.e. two lorries of consignments within the State and one lorry of consignment to places any where in the Country (including A.P) . The levy and levy free eligibility may vary from time to time depending upon the Government of India Orders, e.t.c. The rice millers / dealers shall obtain Release Certificates for movement of levy free rice. The rice millers / dealers, who purchase Paddy, mill, deliver levy and utilize the levy free eligibility, shall maintain all the transactions in B - Registers. The details of Paddy purchased, paddy milled, levy delivered and levy free eligibility utilized shall also be indicated therein. The rice millers / dealers, who do not trade either in paddy / rice and do custom milling / hire working of paddy of farmers and agriculture labourers or State Agencies shall maintain the record in A – Register. However, the rate of value cut for purchase of Non – FAQ Paddy by the rice millers / dealers shall be as indicated in Annexure-III). The rice millers / dealers shall not purchase Paddy of FAQ at prices lower than the MSP as indicated in clause 4- A of the A.P. Rice Procurement (Levy) Order, 1984.

9. The millers shall purchase paddy at the regulated markets, notified markets, godown points including CWC & SWC godowns and rice mill premises as declared by the Marketing Department for the purpose of purchase of paddy. The millers can also purchase paddy at farm gate keeping in view the condition 23 of the operational guidelines for KMS 2007-08.

10. The Food Corporation of India and the A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd., / A.P. Markfed shall make arrangements for procurement of 7.50 Lakh MTs of paddy for Kharif Season (2.50 Lakh MTs by F.C.I. and 5.00 Lakh MTs by A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd. / A.P. Markfed and 7.50 Lakh MTs during the Rabi Season (5.00 lakh MTs by A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd / A.P. Markfed and 2.50 lakh tonne by Food Corporation of India). The MSP operations for Kattera paddy (early crop) shall commence immediately.

11. (a) The Government have decided to procure paddy with the help of Women Self Groups of IKP / DCMS / PACSs either on their own or through A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd / A.P. Markfed in all the paddy growing districts depending upon the availability of experienced and active S.H.G.s / DCMS / PACSs as mutually decided by the Managing Director, A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd , Managing Director, A.P. Markfed and Chief Executive Officer, SERP. Based on the decision, if need be, break up of A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd. target will be given to A.P. Markfed and other State agencies etc. The procedure for the operations,

transportation, storage, milling delivery etc., will be worked out, depending on the decision on handling by SERP (IKP Groups) whether independently or through A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd. This procedure is expected to benefit the small and marginal farmers to sell their produce at village level and to save the expenditure and problems in transportation of paddy to AMCs and consequent handling at the Market Yard besides reducing the congestion at Market Yards.

12. The Rice Milling Industry shall deliver levy rice to F.C.I during KMS 2008-09, (i.e., from 1st October, 2008 to 30th September, 2009) a quantity of 45 (forty five) Lakh MTs of raw rice and 20 (Twenty) Lakh MTs of boiled rice. The Commissioner of Civil Supplies shall fix district-wise performance expectation of raw rice and boiled rice for delivery under mill levy to FCI, depending upon the production of paddy, rice milling capacity and the past performance in consultation with the representatives of the A.P. Rice Millers Association, Food Corporation of India and A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd by giving due priority to meet the requirement of P.D.S. and other welfare schemes with the A.P. raw rice. The Collectors shall distribute the same among the district rice millers, in consultation with the District Rice Millers Association.

13. The Commissioner of Civil Supplies, A.P. Hyderabad may also revise the performance expectation from time to time, depending upon the progress in purchase of paddy at MSP, rice mill levy delivery and other priorities of the Government.

14. The Commissioner of Civil Supplies, A.P. Hyderabad shall also regulate the movement of levy free rice from time to time, keeping in view the levy delivered to Central Pool during the Kharif Marketing Season 2008-09. The rice millers / dealers may be allowed to sell the levy free eligibility meant for sale within the State simultaneously on pro-rata basis along with delivery of the levy rice to F.C.I. through Release Certificates issued by the District Administration so as to ensure adequate availability of rice in the open market for keeping the prices under control. This is necessary in order to ensure that while procuring required rice for Central Pool for meeting PDS, the prices of rice in the open market are kept under control.

15. Rice Millers / Dealers shall furnish a certificate to the effect that paddy was purchased at MSP from the farmers duly countersigned by the Sarpanch / Panchayat Secretary and Ward Member. After verifying the details in the B Register, the Mill Levy certificates shall be issued by the District Collectors for delivering Levy by the rice millers / dealers to F.C.I..

16. In respect of paddy purchases by the rice millers from other districts, the signature of the Sarpanch / Secretary of the Gram Panchayat / Ward Member, as the case may be, shall be obtained along with the seal of the Panchayat and the same shall be entered in the "B" Register of the rice mill. These receipts (Rythu Vouchers) shall be accepted by the District administration and after verification in the "B" Register, certificates to deliver levy to the F.C.I may be issued. However, subsequently, 10% of the Rythu Vouchers furnished by the rice millers shall be selected at random and sent to the Tahsildars concerned for verification and certification. In case the information furnished in the Rythu Vouchers and in "B" Registers of the rice miller is found to be not

correct, action as per the A.P. Rice Procurement (Levy) Order, 1984 and as per the operational guidelines issued vide G.O. 1st read above, shall be taken against the miller concerned.

17. The formats for certificates of purchase of paddy by the rice millers, traders etc. which have already been communicated shall be adopted for KMS 2008-09 also. The receipts produced by the millers / traders etc. and received from the Market Yards, Paddy Purchase Centers, notified mill points etc shall be kept under the custody of the Tahsildar concerned for verification in due course or as and when operationally necessary.

18. There shall be no objection for accepting raw rice from the boiled rice mills, as the boiled rice mills can produce raw rice. However, there shall not be any acceptance of boiled rice from the raw rice mills, as raw rice mills cannot produce boiled rice.

19. The format for delivery levy to the F.C.I. based on the certificate of purchase of paddy at MSP and above which was communicated during KMS 2007-08 shall be the same and applicable for 2008-09. The FCI shall accept the levy deliveries from the individual millers/ traders.

20. The certificate for delivery of levy shall be issued for each individual miller separately and preferably in multiples of 10 (Ten) MTs of rice.

21. Certificate should bear the serial number for the Kharif Marketing Season 2008-09.

22. The rice millers shall obtain on application, Release Certificate for sale of levy free rice within the State or anywhere in the Country, in the form communicated.

23. Rice under mill levy shall be delivered in 50 kg gunny bags only.

24. In respect of any dispute including quality parameters of rice between the miller and the FCI, a Committee headed by the Joint Collector and consisting of technical experts shall resolve the dispute immediately.

25. Government also order that the farmers and the farmers' clubs/associations and Self Help Groups shall be allowed to mill paddy of their own or on behalf of farmers, and deliver whole or part to the Food Corporation of India at procurement prices. They shall maintain the details in the B - Register separately, as they are doing business of sale of rice to Food Corporation of India. The farmer's / farmer's clubs are required to obtain Registration Certificate from Commercial Taxes Department for delivery of rice to the Food Corporation of India. While paying procurement price, the Food Corporation of India may deduct such of the taxes / fee, which are payable by the farmers on such delivery of levy rice and the Food Corporation of India shall pay such taxes / fee so deducted to the concerned Department of the State Government.

26. For accepting delivery of rice by the Food Corporation of India from the individual farmers, Registered Farmers' Clubs/Associations and Self Help Groups, a certificate issued by the Village Secretary / Agriculture Officer / Sarpanch of the village is necessary with regard to cultivation of paddy and the extent of land recorded in the Pattadar Pass Book / Adangals etc.

27. The Rice Millers shall undertake custom milling of paddy, as and when the farmers bring the paddy to the rice millers, keeping in view the explanation under clause 10(1) of the A.P. Rice Procurement (Levy) Order, 1984 at the rate stipulated or on mutually agreed terms/conditions between the millers and the farmers.

28. The Rice Millers shall undertake simultaneously the custom milling of paddy, procured by State Agencies or any other agency and Food Corporation of India, as per the agreed terms and conditions and at the rates and norms fixed by the Govt. of India. The Collectors shall allot the paddy purchased at the S.H.W.G. of IKP / DCMS / PACSs centres / PPCs / Market Yards etc., to rice mills for immediate custom milling without storage of the paddy. The rice millers, within 15 days from the date of receipt of paddy, shall complete custom milling of paddy and deliver the resultant rice either as raw rice or boiled rice as prescribed by the Government or the State Agency concerned for the paddy handed over during the Kharif Marketing Season 2008-09 by the A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd and S.H.Gs / DCMS / PACSs of IKP. The Collectors shall review the entire process of custom milling operations regularly and take necessary action against the rice millers, who fail to do custom milling of paddy procured by the Self Help Women Groups of Indira Kranthi Pathakam and A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd duly following the procedure in vogue. In cases of failure by rice millers in converting the paddy to rice within the stipulated time, the Collectors shall furnish to the Food Corporation of India, the details of defaulters together with mill-wise quantities given for custom milling, quantity milled and the quantity yet to be milled, so that the Food Corporation of India shall deduct the equivalent quantity of resultant rice for the paddy yet to be milled against the levy rice being delivered by such rice miller. The delivery of custom milled rice will be in addition to the target of 65 (sixty five) lakh tonne of rice given to the State.

29. Since huge quantity of paddy is being purchased at the Paddy Purchase Centres, the Collectors shall make necessary arrangements for positioning the required number of once used gunnies / new gunnies at Paddy Purchase Centres operated by the Self Help Groups of Indira Kranthi Pathakam / DCMS / PACSs and A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd. The Collectors shall issue instructions to all the F.P. Shop Dealers to deposit the once used gunny bag compulsorily in the empty truck, which is coming back after unloading the rice at the F.P. Shops in the respective route. The once used gunnies collected from the F.P. Shop Dealers shall be kept in the respective MLS points for safe custody. The Collectors shall fix a uniform rate in the entire district for collection of once used gunnies so that the F.P. Shop Dealers should adhere to the instructions of the Collectors concerned.

30. In case of any delay in custom milling of paddy due to non-availability of adequate capacity of rice milling industry in the district, the paddy may be transported to the nearest district for immediate custom milling. For example, the paddy procured at Mahabubnagar district may be transported to Kurnool district or Ranga Reddy district and the paddy procured at Adilabad district may be transported to Karimnagar district or

Nizamabad district for custom milling. The expenditure incurred by the A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation shall be booked to the MSP operations of paddy and the same shall be included in the audited accounts of KMS 2008-09, so that the Govt. of India will be requested for reimbursement of the same.

31. In his reference No. MC/6053/2007 dated 20.8.2007, the Commissioner of Marketing has issued necessary instructions to all the Secretaries of AMCs to prepare a contingency plan well in advance to tackle the additional arrivals, for smooth market operations during the season to get the equipment / machinery available with the AMCs in working condition, to maintain log books for each equipment, to make a note of the usage particulars and to take into account of the equipments / machinery available with the nearby markets (Non-functional) and with IKP centres while planning for procurement of additional equipment to meet the seasonal requirement. He has also instructed that the Godown space available in the AMCs should also be kept ready for occupation and wide publicity should be given about MSP rates, equipments and godown space available with AMCs.

32. The Marketing Department shall purchase required number of moisture meters(Best quality) to be determined with reference to the past performance and to make them available at all the Purchase Centres operated by S.H.Gs of IKP/ DCMS / PACSs / PPCs / Market Yards without fail. One moisture meter should also be provided to the progressive group of farmers / S.H.Gs / Gram Panchayats to enable the farmers to check the moisture contents of the paddy before they bring the paddy to the purchase centres for sale.

33. The Collectors shall fix uniform Hamali charges in the entire district by conducting meeting with the Hamali Unions, Secretaries of AMCs and Procuring Agencies. The Handling Charges should include weighment, stitching and stacking / loading at PPCs / AMCs. The Hamali Charges, thus, fixed will have to be borne by the buyers of the stocks at PPCs / AMCs including the State Procuring Agencies.

34. The Collectors shall review the progress of procurement on weekly basis. Collectors shall send weekly reports on the progress of procurement to the Commissioner of Civil Supplies as stated above. The Collectors shall also bring to the notice of the Commissioner of Civil Supplies, problems, if any, faced by them in procurement of rice including requirement of funds for items of expenditure other than cost of paddy procured by A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Ltd and / or any other agency so as to take immediate appropriate action in the matter. The Collectors shall constitute a District Procurement Committee with the Joint Collector as Chairman with District Level officials of all connected departments, namely, Agriculture, Marketing, Civil Supplies, Transport, DRDA, ITDA, I&PR, Warehousing Agencies (CWC, SWC), Procurement Agencies (FCI, APSCSCL) and also Sub-Collectors / RDOs as members to coordinate and decide on all the activities and monitor the work on day-to-day basis as per the operational guidelines.

35. The Collectors shall ensure that the enforcement officials under the A.P. Rice Procurement (Levy) Order, 1984 inspect the rice mills periodically to ensure the purchase of paddy at MSP, paddy milled, levy delivered, levy utilized etc.

36. Wide publicity of the location of the paddy purchase centres, specifications of FAQ paddy, MSP and prescribed value cuts for the non-FAQ paddy should be given through press, pamphlets, leaflets, and electronic media besides organizing extensive training programmes for the farmers through the Agriculture Extension Staff / Quality Control Officials out of the funds earmarked by Marketing Department in this regard and other funds available at their disposal.

37. A copy of this order is available on the internet and can be accessed at the address- www.ap.gov.in

(BY ORDER AND IN THE NAME OF THE GOVERNOR OF ANDHRA PRADESH)

SANJAY JAJU
EX.OFFICIO SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT

To

The Commissioner of Civil Supplies, A.P. Hyderabad.

All the Collectors / The Chief Rationing Officer, Hyderabad.

Chief Executive Officer, SERP, Hyderabad.

The Director General, Vigilance and Enforcement Dept, Hyderabad.

The Inspector General, Vigilance and Enforcement, Dept Hyderabad.

All the Joint Collectors / All the District Supply Officers.

The General Manager (A.P. Region), Food Corporation of India, Hyderabad

The VC & Managing Director, A.P. State Civil Supplies Corporation Limited,
Hyderabad.

The Registrar Cooperative Societies, A.P. Hyderabad.

Copy to:

The Managing Director, A.P. State Warehousing Corporation Limited, Hyderabad.

The Regional Manager, Central Warehousing Corporation, Hyderabad.

The Secretary to GOI., Dept., of Food and Public Distribution, Ministry of Consumer
Affairs, Food and Public Distribution, Krishi Bhavan, New Delhi.

The Prl. Secretary, Revenue(CT), Department, Secretariat, A.P. Hyd'bad.

The Prl. Secretary to Agrl. & Cooperation, Secretariat, A.P. Hyderabad.

The Prl. Secretary, Coop. & Marketing, Secretariat, AP, Hyderabad.

The Secretary to Government., Agriculture Dept., Hyderabad

The Commissioner, Commercial Taxes Dept., Hyderabad.

The Commissioner & Director of Marketing, Hyderabad.

The Commissioner & Director of Agriculture, Hyderabad.

The Commissioner, Transport, Hyderabad.

The Commissioner, I & PR, Hyderabad.

The Commissioner for Cooperation and Registrar of Cooperative Societies, Hyderabad.

Copy to the Chief Executive Officer, SERP, Hyderabad.

The Prl. Secretary to Secretary to Hon'ble Chief Minister for information

Copy to the Spl. Secretary to the Hon'ble Chief Minister.

Copy to P.S to Hon'ble Minister for Food, Civil Supplies, Legal Metrology and Consumer
Affairs, A.P. Hyderabad.

Copy to the P.S. to Hon'ble Minister for Finance, A.P. Secretariat, Hyderabad.

Copy to P.S to Hon'ble Minister for Agriculture and Horticulture, A.P, Hyderabad.

Copy to P.S to Hon'ble Minister for Marketing Department, A.P., Hyderabad.

The President, A.P. Rice Millers Assn., Flat No. 409, Taj Enclave, Besides Meera
Theatre, Khairatabad, Hyderabad.

// FORWARDED BY ORDER //

SECTION OFFICER

:: ANNEXURE – I ::

**UNIFORM SPECIFICATION OF ALL VARIETIES OF PADDY
(MARKETING SEASON 2008-09)**

Paddy shall be in sound merchantable condition dry, clean, wholesome of good food value, uniform in colour and size of grains and free from moulds, weevils, obnoxious smell, *Argemone maxicana*, *Lathyrus sativus* (Khesari) and admixture of deleterious substances.

Paddy will be classified into Grade 'A' and Common groups.

Schedule of specification

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Sl. No.	Refractions	Maximum Limits (%)
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1.	Foreign matter	
	a) Inorganic	1.0
	b) Organic	1.0
2.	Damaged, discoloured, sprouted and weevilled grains	4.0
3.	Immature, Shrunken and shrivelled grains	3.0
4.	Admixture of lower class	7.0
5.	Moisture content	17.0
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NOTE :

- (i) The definitions of the above refractions and method of analysis are to be followed as per BIS Method of analysis of foodgrains IS: 4333 (Part-I) 1996, IS : 4333 (Part-II), 2002 and Terminology for foodgrains IS: 2813 – 1995., as amended from time to time.
- (ii) The method of sampling is to be followed as per BIS method for sampling of Cereals and Pulses IS: 14818 - 2000 as amended from time to time.
- (iii) Within the overall limit of 1.0% for organic foreign matter, poisonous seeds shall not exceed 0.5% of which Dhatura and Akra seeds (Vicia species) not to exceed 0.025% and 0.2% respectively.

:: ANNEXURE – II ::

**UNIFORM SPECIFICATION FOR GRADE 'A' & COMMON RICE
(MARKETING SEASON 2008 - 09)**

Rice shall be in sound merchantable condition, sweet, dry, clean, wholesome, of good food value, uniform in colour and size of grains and free from moulds, weevils, obnoxious smell, admixture of unwholesome poisonous substances, Argemone maxicana and Lathyrus sativus (Kesari) in any form, or colouring agents and all impurities except to the extent in the schedule below. It shall also conform to PFA Standards.

SCHEDULE OF SPECIFICATION

Sl. No.	Refractions	Maximum Limit (%)	
		Grade 'A'	Common
1.	Broken * Raw Parboiled	25.0 16.0	25.0 16.0
2.	Foreign Matter ** Raw/Parboiled	0.5	0.5
3.	Damaged # / Slightly Damaged grains Raw Parboiled	3.0 4.0	3.0 4.0
4.	Discolored Grains Raw Parboiled	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0
5.	Chalky Grains Raw	5.0	5.0
6.	Red Grains Raw/Parboiled	3.0	3.0
7.	Admixture of lower class Raw/Parboiled	6.0	--
8.	Dehusked Grains Raw/Parboiled	12.0	12.0
9.	Moisture content @ Raw/ Parboiled	14.0	14.0

* Including 1% small broken

** Not more than 0.25% by weight shall be mineral matter and not more than 0.10% by weight shall be impurities of animal origin.

Including pin point damaged grains.

@ Rice (both raw and parboiled) can be procured with moisture content upto a maximum limit 15% with value cut. There will be no value cut upto 14%. Between 14% to 15% moisture, value cut will be applicable at the rate of full value.

**NOTES APPLICABLE TO THE SPECIFICATION OF GRADE 'A' AND COMMON
VARIETIES OF RICE**

1. The definition of the above refractions and method of analysis are to be followed as given in Bureau of Indian Standard "Method of analysis for Foodgrains" No's IS : 4333 (Part-I) 1996 and IS : 4333 (Part - II) 2002" Terminology for Foodgrains" IS : 2813 - 1995 as amended from time to time. Dehusked grains are rice kernels whole or broken which have more than 1/4 of the surface area of the kernel covered with the bran and determined as follows:-

ANALYSIS PROCEDURE :-

Take 5 grams of rice (sound head rice and brokens) in a petri dish (80X70 mm). Dip the grains in about 20 ml. of Methylene Blue solution (0.05%by weight in distilled water) and allow stand for about one minute. Decant the Methylene Blue solution. Give a swirl wash with about 20 ml of dilute hydrochloric acid (5% solution by volume in distilled water). Give a swirl wash with water and pour about 20 ml. of Metanil Yellow solution (0.05% by weight in distilled water) on the blue stained grains and allow to stand for about one minute. Decant the effluent and wash with fresh water twice. Keep the stained grains under fresh water and count the dehusked grains. Count the total number of grains in 5 grams of sample under analysis. Three brokens are counted as one whole grain.

CALCULATIONS :

$$\text{Percentage of Dehusked grains} = \frac{N \times 100}{W}$$

Where N = Number of dehusked grains in 5 grams of sample

W= Total grains in 5 grams of sample.

2. The Method of sampling is to be followed as given in Bureau of Indian Standard "Method of sampling of Cereals and Pulses" No IS : 14818-2000 as amended from time to time.
3. Brokens less than 1/8th of the size of full kernels will be treated as organic foreign matter. For determination of the size of the brokens average length of the principal class of rice should be taken into account.
4. Inorganic foreign matter shall not exceed 0.25% in any lot, if it is more, the stocks should be cleaned and brought within the limit. Kernels or pieces of kernels having mud sticking on surface of rice, shall be treated as Inorganic foreign matter.
5. In case of rice prepared by pressure parboiling technique, it will be ensured that correct process of parboiling is adopted i.e. pressure applied, the time for which pressure is applied, proper gelatinisation, aeration and drying before milling are adequate so that the colour and cooking time of parboiled rice are good and free from encrustation of the grains.

ANNEXURE – III

SCHEDULE OF SPECIFICATIONS FOR FAQ PADDY

S.No.	Refractions	Maximum limit%
1	Foreign matter a) Inorganic b) Organic	1.0 1.0
2.	Damaged, discoloured, sprouted and weevilled grains	4.0
3.	Immature, Shrunken and shriveled grains	3.0
4.	Admixture of lower class	7.0
5.	Moisture content	17.0

**RATE OF CUT FOR ACCEPTING NON-FAQ PADDY
BY RICE MILLERS**

S.No.		Rate of cut	
		Grade A	Common
		Rs. P.	Rs. P.
1.	a) Inorganic For every 1% over Permissible 1% b) Organic For every 1% over Permissible 1%	8.80 8.80	8.50 8.50
2.	Damaged, Discoloured, Sprouted, Weevilled, Immature Shrunken and shrivelled grains For every one percent over permissible 6% (upto 10%)	8.80	8.50
3.	Moisture: For every 1% over permissible 17%	8.80	8.50